

IVORY SOAP

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PATENTS

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CAN I OBTAIN A PATENT? For a
small fee we will examine your
invention and advise you as to
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patentable we will prepare a
complete application for you
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MUNN & CO., NEW YORK, 361 BROADWAY.

Cotton Belt Route
(St. Louis Southern Ry.)

Arkansas, Texas
THE ONLY LINE
With through Car Service from
MEMPHIS TO TEXAS.

No change of Cars to
ST. LOUIS, WABO
OR INTERMEDIATE POINTS.

Two Daily Trains
Carrying through Coaches and
Pullman Sleepers. Traversing the
finest farming, grazing and timber
lands. And reaching the most pro-
sperous towns and cities in the

Great Southwest.

FARMING LANDS.—Yielding
abundantly all the cereals, corn and
cotton, and especially adapted to the
cultivation of small fruits and early
vegetables.

GRAZING LANDS.—Affording
excellent pasturage during almost
the entire year, and comparatively close
to the great markets.

TIMBER LANDS.—Covered with
almost inexhaustible forests of yellow
pine, cypress and the hard woods
common to Arkansas and Eastern
Texas.

Can be procured on reasonable and
advantageous terms.

All lines connect with and have tick-
ets on sale via the
Cotton Belt Route

Ask your nearest Ticket Agent for
maps, time tables, etc., and write to
any of the following for all infor-
mation you may desire concerning the
trip to the Great Southwest.

R. T. G. MATTHEWS,
Dist. Pass. Agt., Louisville, Ky.
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ANYWHERE!
EVERYWHERE!

SUMMER EXCURSION
TICKETS ON SALE VIA THE

Chesapeake, Ohio & South Western

RAILROAD.

To the Springs and Mountains of Virginia,
To the Lakes and Woods of the North,
To the Seaboard and the Ocean.

TO ALL THE PROMINENT RESORTS

LOCATED IN THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA

AS WELL AS TO THE

Pleasant Spots near Home:

GRATON SPRINGS,

CHATELAIN SPRINGS,

CHATELAIN SPRINGS,

Famous for their Social, Healthful, and Economical
Advantages.

LOCAL SUMMER EXCURSION TICKETS
are on sale from all points on the
Chesapeake, Ohio & South Western
Railroad, and will be sold to Loui-
ville, Memphis, and Paducah, from points in
the vicinity of these cities.

For schedules and all information regarding
this trip, apply to the Ticket Agent at
any of the following points, or to the
General Agent at Louisville, Ky., or to the
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Gen'l Supt., Paducah, Ky.

A FISHHAWK'S MISTAKE.

His Keen Eye Deceived the Ocean
Fishes in This Case.

Fishhaws get their entire food
supply from the water. Their eyes
are so constructed that even at
great heights they can see fish that
swim near the surface and then dive
with lightning speed. The fish is
caught in the claws and is taken to
the nest of the bird before being
eaten. The writer has seen a hawk
make a mistake and catch a hard
crab, and when the crab got both his
big claws fairly at work on the ten-
der part of the bird's legs there was
somewhat of shaking and diving in
the air to get rid of the crab, but it
is not often they get fooled. It is
generally all in their favor. A hawk
will fly away with a big eel wriggling
in its claws that a man could not hold
thirty seconds with both hands. The
hawk sometimes, however, will dive
at things they do not want, and a
thing occurred a few years ago which
is worth telling.

A steamer was passing Seabright.
It was a big coaster from Savannah
to New York, and a lady on board
lost overboard a handsome and val-
uable lace shawl, which floated away
after striking the water. The pas-
sengers, being interested, watched
the shawl as far as they could see
it, and finally saw a fishhawk dive at
it, get it fast to his claws and fly in-
land with it. The lady was very
much put out at losing the article
and advertised a reward for the
same. A fisherman took a notion he
could get the shawl after hearing
the circumstances, and with his
spurs he started to pay a visit to
every fishhawk's nest in the country
immediately back of Seabright.
The shawl was found hanging on
the side of a nest on the Lewis White
farm near Little Silver. What the
hawk wanted with the shawl is hard
to tell, for they use no such thing in
building their nests.—Philadelphia
News.

GOLD MINING IN GEORGIA.

Tons of Precious Ore Said to Be
Available.

Some time ago a prominent geolo-
gist on being approached on the
subject spoke of the possibilities of
the production of Georgia gold very
highly, says the New York Journal.

"The gold in Georgia," said he,
"is a perfectly accessible region,
which makes it twice as valuable as
gold that might be taken out of Cal-
ifornia or the Black Hills. A mine
of enormous richness is of little
value if it is in an impenetrable
region. The gold country of
Georgia is in a perfect network of
railways, and the metal can be
found very near the surface, thus
making it easily reached by the
miner. The water courses that
pour down the hills give the best
possible power, labor is cheap and
easily procurable, and it is neces-
sary to transport the ore but a
short distance."

It has been estimated that the
gold belt of Georgia is about one
hundred miles in breadth. The rich-
est sections of this belt have been
found to be in the counties of Cher-
okee, Lumpkin, White and Dawson.

A well-known mining specialist,
in talking of late discoveries, re-
cently said: "It seems to be decid-
edly in the range of probabilities
that tons of the precious ore can be
taken out of the existing mines or
newly opened veins, if the proper
machinery is used and the shafts are
sunk deep enough. It is a question
of international importance where
we may replenish the fast-decreas-
ing supply of the precious metal
when the mines now being worked
fail. I do not think that govern-
ment aid would be misplaced in
opening up these valuable lands,
but whether or not any action is
taken by our government, the
Georgia hills cannot long remain
undeveloped."

MAMMOT.

July 30.—There will be an ice cream
supper at this place August 11th for
the benefit of the Sunday School.

Among the visitors at Sabbath
School Sunday afternoon were Dr. H.
E. Becker, Mrs. Alice Dawson, Mrs.
Susan Evans and Miss Nina Cox,
Owensboro; Miss Lottie Dean, Louis-
ville, and Mr. Ollie Taylor, Cruston.

Miss Sadie Belle Griffin and moth-
er, Owensboro, were the guests of Mr.
Squire Camp last week.

Mr. Will Camp, baggage-master on
the Falls of Rough R. R., is at home
for a few weeks.

Misses Belle Miller, Emma Rogers
and Miss Harrison, Messrs John Har-
rison, Prof. J. W. Ruppman and Joe
Harrison attended the ice cream sup-
per at Pleasant Ridge Saturday night.

Dr. Will Armendt and wife, Owens-
boro, were the guests of Mr. L. R.
Becker Sunday.

Miss Mamie Becker, who has been

spending a few months at Hartford
and Hawesville, returned home last
Thursday, accompanied by her cousin,
Ray Armendt.

Mr. Will Owsley went to Owensbo-
ro yesterday and returned to day, ac-
companied by Mr. Bud Maddox, who
thinks of making his future home
among us.

Rev. B. F. Jenkins preached at Mt.
Carmel Sunday. He was accompanied
by his wife and daughter.

Farmers are threshing wheat this
week.

The young people of our place will
attend the ice cream supper at Ma-
sonville Saturday night.

Prof. Alexander and Foster, Hart-
ford, were at Bothabala last week.

FAIRY FAY.

Like a ship without a rudder is a
man or woman without health and
the necessary strength to perform the
ordinary duties of life. When the
appetite fails, when debility, and dis-
ordered condition of stomach, liver,
kidney and bowels assail you, take
Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

CLIFFTOP.

Aug. 1.—This neighborhood was
well represented at the Populist pic-
nic Saturday.

Miss Pernie Chinn is visiting Mrs.
Nannie Barnes, Shultztown, this
week.

Mrs. Stella Cooper is sick at her
mother's, Mrs. Eliza Taylor's.

Miss D. Martin visited her aunt,
Mrs. Lloyd Hocker, Saturday and
Sunday.

Mr. A. A. Brown left Sunday night
for the Mammoth Cave, where he will
spend several days in viewing the
wonders of the Cave.

Mrs. Lou Austin and Miss Adina
Stevens attended the Institute last
Thursday. Mrs. Stella Cooper and
her mother, Mrs. Taylor, attended
the Institute Wednesday and Thurs-
day.

Mr. Harrison Austin, who has had
his arm broken for some time, is im-
proving.

There will be an ice cream sup-
per given at the Schoolhouse Saturday
night, August 4. A grand time is
expected.

HANNAH

With but little care and no trouble,
the beard and mustache can be kept
a uniform brown or black color by
using Buckingham's Dye for the
Whiskers.

SULPHUR SPRINGS.

We are needing rain in this com-
munity very badly.

Blackberrying has been the go here
for some time. I think everyone has
his share of berries.

A party of young people went on
an excursion up Rough River Sunday
they report a pleasant time.

Mrs. Henry Godsey and little son,
Ray, spent the day with Mr. G. L.
Johnston last Friday.

Mr. John Wooley called on his best
girl Sunday eve.

Mrs. John Martin and son, Forrest,
from Beaver Dam, are visiting the
family of Mr. P. B. Martin.

Mr. Jim Bales was in town Sat-
urday to see, well you know who.

Dr. H. F. Bean is sick at this writ-
ing.

We think we can hear the wedding
bells soon.

Messrs. Robert Lee and A. L. Mid-
kiff are talking of striking again.

Mr. A. N. Martin, from Paducah, is
visiting his parents.

Mr. I. C. Stephens is visiting
friends in Horse Branch.

Miss Belle Hamilton is visiting
Miss Laura Johnston this week.

Mr. Henry Cole made a flying trip
to Davidson Saturday, returning Sun-
day eve.

PRIM ROSE.

Ayer's Hair Vigor is cleanly,
agreeable, beneficial, and safe. It is
the most elegant and the most econ-
omical of toilet preparations. By its
use ladies can produce an abun-
dant growth of hair, causing it to be-
come natural in color, lustre and
texture.

MAMMOTH CAVE.

Bayard Taylor says of the Cave,
after visiting all the natural wonders
of the Old and New Worlds: "I have
been twelve hours under ground, but
I have gained an age in a strange and
hitherto unknown world; and age of
wonderful experience and an exhaust-
less store of sublime and lovely mem-
ories. Before taking a final leave of
the Mammoth Cave, however, let me
assure those who have followed me
that no description can do justice
to its sublimity or present a fair pic-
ture of its manifold wonders. It is
the greatest natural curiosity I
have ever visited, Niagara not ex-
cepted, and he whose expectations are
not satisfied by its marvelous av-
enues, domes and starry grottoes must
either be a fool or a demigod." If
this is the experience of one of
the world's greatest travelers those
who have never beheld the wonders
of the Cave or felt the weird and
thrilling emotions experienced by a
trip through its beautiful avenues
should embrace the opportunity of-
fered by the Mammoth Cave Excursion
on August 15th-16th via the C. O. &
S. W. R. R.

Excursion tickets, including railroad
transportation, trips through Long
and Short Routes, and one and one-
quarter day's accommodation at the

Mammoth Cave Hotel, only \$12.50
from Beaver Dam.

For further information and illustra-
ted pamphlet of Mammoth Cave write
or call on any agent of the C. O. & S.
W. R. R. T. B. LYNCH
Gen. Passenger Agent.

Newspaper Edition.
[THE FOURTH ESTATE.]

The action of the Senate Investiga-
tion Committee in attempting to
coerce newspaper correspondents into
disclosing the sources of information
on which were based certain articles
which appeared in their newspapers,
brings up an important point in the
ethics of journalism.

The ground taken by the corre-
spondents in their refusal to furnish
the desired information is that they
are in duty bound to protect the per-
sons who gave them the information,
and that, we believe, they will be up-
held by all who believe in the intelli-
gibility of a confidence. A newspaper
must not betray a confidence any
more than should a doctor or lawyer
divulge knowledge obtained in a pro-
fessional capacity. While the posi-
tion of a newspaper man is not ex-
actly analogous to that of a doctor or
lawyer, inasmuch as much of the in-
formation given to him is for publica-
tion, yet the same principle is involv-
ed, and there is the same obligation
of secrecy as to the source of such
communications. Every newspaper
man who is worthy of the name be-
lieves himself bound to protect those
from whom he receives information.

To wantonly betray the source of
such information would destroy the
usefulness of the press. The relations
of newspaper to the public are such
that in its course of collecting and dis-
seminating the news it becomes the
repository of many secrets, and by its
possession of a wide range of facts is
enabled to better serve the interests
of the public. Were it not for the
confidence that in matters of impor-
tance the source of information would
be guarded, much that is of practical
benefit would be withheld.

Without discussing the motives for
giving for publication information on
matters of general interest, it can not
be denied by any fair minded person,
that the identity of the informant
should, if so requested, be kept secret.

The public good is served by the pub-
licity given the facts, and the press,
having fulfilled its obligation to the
public, is bound to protect its infor-
mant.

The case at Washington will be
watched with great interest, not by
the press alone, but by the public, to
whom the outcome is of far greater
importance than to any particular
newspaper involved.

It is hardly probable that the action
of the committee in threatening im-
prisonment to the correspondents will
have any effect, unless it be to cause
them to guard even more closely the
secrets they possess.

It is to be hoped that the honor
and dignity of journalism will be
preserved by these men who have de-
fied the committee in its attempts to
break down one of the safeguards of
the people.

The Chicago Ledger has struck the
nail on the head by starting in its
issue of August 1st a fascinating love
story entitled, "Caught in the Strike."
It deals with the late A. R. U. strike,
giving names and places familiar to
many of our readers. Sample copy,
giving first installment of the story,
will be mailed free on application to
the Chicago Ledger, Chicago, Ill.

Home and Abroad.

It is the duty of everyone, whether
at home or traveling for pleasure or
business, to equip himself with the
remedy which will keep up strength
and prevent illness, and cure such ill-
ness as are liable to come upon all in
everyday life. For instance, Hood's
Sarsaparilla as a general tonic, and
to keep the blood pure and less liable
to absorb the germs of disease, will
be well nigh invaluable. Change of
drinking water often causes serious
trouble, especially if one has been
used to spring water in the country.
From a few drops to a teaspoonful of
Hood's Sarsaparilla in a tumbler of
water will prevent the water having
any injurious effect.

Hood's Vegetable Pills, as a cat-
hartic, cause no discomfort, no dis-
turbance, no loss of sleep, but assist
the digestive organs, so that satisfac-
tory results are effected in a natural
and regular manner.

To solve the problem
requires thought.
But the simple food
is known to many—
that Dr. Fennell's
Golden Relief cures
Consumption. It
does it every time
and in every case,
when used before
the lungs have be-
come too far disor-
dered. It is a typical
case: Miss Jones, aged 25, has lost 25 pounds, cheeks
have the "honey flush," coughs and raises all
the time; has just returned from the South,
where she spent the winter. Did not improve,
she takes 3 drops of Dr. Fennell's Golden Relief,
on a small lump of sugar, once in 2 hours.
Improvement begins at once. In 2 weeks she
has gained 10 pounds. In 5 weeks she weighs
120 and is cured. The remedy is a SPECIFIC
IN INFLAMMATION. No inflammation, no sore-
ness, no consumption. This is a long list
of ailments from a common sore throat, to
a severe bronchitis, asthma and consumption,
from a headache to a grave rheumatism, and from
summer complaints to a grave dysentery, chol-
era or dysentery. This wide range of application has
sometimes unjustly caused it to be dubbed a
"cure all." But it isn't. It cures one disease
and that is inflammation. Inflammation cannot
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Hartford Republican

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING
J. B. ROBERTS, Editor and Proprietor.
FRIDAY, AUGUST 10, 1894.

Democratic Ticket.

For County Judge—John P. Morton.
For Sheriff—Cal. P. Keown.
For County Clerk—D. M. Hocker.
For County Attorney—E. P. Neal.
For Assessor—N. C. Daniel.
For Jailor—John W. Black.
For Surveyor—G. S. Fitzgerald.
For Coroner—G. C. Westfield.

Republican Ticket.

Election, Nov. 6.
For Appellate Judge—B. L. D. Guffy.
For County Judge—John P. Morton.
For Sheriff—Cal. P. Keown.
For County Clerk—D. M. Hocker.
For County Attorney—E. P. Neal.
For Assessor—N. C. Daniel.
For Jailor—John W. Black.
For Surveyor—G. S. Fitzgerald.
For Coroner—G. C. Westfield.

WANTED!

100 DOZ. SPRING CHICKENS

—AT—

TRACY & SON'S.

Highest price in Goods or Cash.

THEY have cast lots and the name of the sacrificial lamb is Montgomery.

THE State Election in Alabama resulted in a victory for the Democratic candidates.

Was Rowan Holbrook a Jonah to Murray or will Murray prove a Jonah to Rowan Holbrook?

WHAT do you think of organizing Hayti into a municipality, a veritable town if you please, with a police court and a regular corps of officers?

LAST Republican Administration—the country enjoying unparalleled prosperity and the people contented and happy. Present Democratic Administration—the country in financial ruin and the people out of work and begging for bread. Remember this when you vote.

MR. SMITH CARR last Monday at San Francisco, while practicing with a pistol, hit the bull's eye 99 out of 100 shots at a distance of fifty yards. Any well regulated newspaper will give Mr. Carr \$500 a week to practice on spring poles when that vegetable is in season.

THE Hon. John W. Lewis is canvassing the eastern and south-eastern parts of the District, and everywhere is arousing a healthy interest and enthusiasm. It is only necessary that every Republican do his duty, and John W. Lewis will be the next Congressman from the Old Fourth.

CONGRESSMAN STONE, of the First District, was defeated for re-nomination to Congress last Saturday by Hon. J. K. Hendrick. Mr. Montgomery in the Fourth was far more unfortunate in that he received his party nomination and beside the unwelcome job of meeting John W. Lewis in the campaign will be defeated in November.

A PRISONER who had been convicted of murder was granted a new trial recently because of the position of a comma in the lower court's instructions to the jury. It has long been considered the height of danger for a man's life to hang by a thread, but when it comes to hanging a human life on the tail of a comma (,) you're getting things down fine and no mis-take.

THE Colored Teachers' Institute for the counties of Butler, Davies and Ohio has been in session at the Colored Baptist Church this week. The enrollment shows 20 present and the meeting has been eminently successful. It is but just to say that this is the best Colored Institute ever held in the county and that the whites do not appreciate the advancement attained by the colored teachers.

NEXT Monday is the time at which the County School Superintendents elect will qualify and take charge of the school work. Mr. Z. H. Shultz, Ohio county's new Superintendent, is already here preparing to enter upon the discharge of his duties. There is no man in Ohio county, either young or old, who is more worthy to fill the position than is Zeb Shultz. He is well qualified for the place and possesses a lofty ideal of what a man and an official should be. We bespeak for him at the hands of the people that unflinching support which will enable him to make his work most effective. In all his efforts to build up the cause of education in the county, the new Superintendent will have THE REPUBLICAN's well wishes and unequalled support.

A FEW months more will bring the fall rains, and later the mud consequent upon these and the freezes and thaws of winter will render our streets well nigh impassable unless some early steps are taken to build side walks. Let the Town Trustees order brick walks erected wherever in their judgment the necessity of the case demands. Plank walks are a very expensive luxury entirely too costly for a town like Hartford. Whatever new walks we have by all means let us have brick walks.

JUDGE GUFFY's speech at the Court House Monday was very timely and was well received. He made a good impression on our people, or more correctly speaking, renewed and heightened the very favorable opinion the citizens of this county, irrespective of party, have ever felt for him. His candidacy appeals strongly to the people because of his eminent qualifications, his years of ripe experience, his unswerving integrity and honor and again because he is of the people, is the people's friend and owes no allegiance, express or implied, direct or indirect, to any ring or clique.

THE attention of our readers is called to the paragraphs clipped from the very able letter of L. D. S. in a recent issue of the Cincinnati Commercial Gazette. L. D. S. is none other than the able and popular Hon. L. D. Sampson, of Barboursville, a deserving candidate for the Republican nomination for Railroad Commissioner. The writer deals in a happy manner with Third and Fourth District politics, showing the splendid chance for Republican success. Lack of space forbids the publication of the whole article, which discusses the political outlook in every Congressional District in the State.

THE Democratic party stands pledged to the unqualified declaration that a Protective Tariff is unconstitutional. In view of this fact how can any conscientious Democrat support the Wilson-Gorman-Senate Bill denounced by many eminent Democrats as a Protective measure, little better for Free Trade than the McKinley Bill. They seem to act upon the theory that if a man steals a horse worth \$100 he's a thief and ought to go to the penitentiary, but if he steals a horse worth only \$99 he's a good fellow and has committed no wrong. It is the merest twaddle to offer as an excuse, "We can't get what we want, then let's take the next best thing." Protection is either right or wrong, constitutional or unconstitutional—there is no half way ground. The Democratic insults this country and stultifies itself when it passes a law it declares itself to be unconstitutional.

Would Rather Get Slewed.

MR. CLARK HOWELL, of Atlanta, Ga., who occasionally enlightens the readers of The New York Herald on their political duties in small type, no doubt means well when he says: "Let us therefore take the President's recent letter as a campaign shibboleth." But as figures of speech are frequently misleading, he would have done well before using this one had he borrowed a Bible and posted himself on the "shibboleth." He could have found out all about it in the twelfth chapter of Judges. It was the word used as a test against the Ephraimites who were unable to pronounce it correctly, when they were trying to escape from Jephthah and his Gileadites at the passages of the Jordan. As the Scripture hath it:

"Then said they unto him, Say now Shibboleth: and he said Sibboleth; for he could not frame to pronounce it right. Then they took him and slew him at the passages of Jordan; and there fell at that time of the Ephraimites forty and two thousand." If Mr. Howell proposes, as we understand that he does, to have the Democratic Ephraimites tested at the passage of the tariff bill as the other Ephraimites were at the passages of the Jordan, he will see, upon a moment's reflection, that to require every Democrat to recite the President's letter in order to discover whether he can "frame to pronounce it right" would take up too much time. Had Jephthah's men required any such elocutionary exercise as that, they never would have been able to get away with forty and two thousand victims in one day. Then, too, imagine the Democratic Ephraimites wading through the whole of the President's letter to find out whether or not they were to get slewed! Most of them would rather get slewed than read the letter.

LIVERMORE.

AUG 7.—Work has been resumed on Rough River by a crew of ten men who are clearing the banks of its timber. With the small force of men and the slow rate of work, it is not presumed that they will get further up than the old dam this fall.

The Holiness meeting, which has been in progress here for the past few days, will close to night. One or two claim to have had their paths of life visited by the Holy Angel of Sanctification, but the majority of the town seem to have entirely rejected the invitation of the evangelist.

The ice cream entertainment given at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Lee Whitaker, Saturday evening, was quite a pleasant affair, and the large crowd seemed to enjoy themselves highly.

HARDINSBURG.

Robin Hood Gives a Glowing Account of Things in Old Breckenridge.

HARDINSBURG, Ky., Aug. 5.
Mr. Claude Mercer, who is employed at Washington, is at home with his family and friends.

Miss Sue Monarch, of Owensboro, is visiting Miss Mary Bowmer. Miss Monarch is a graduate of the Conservatory of Music at Cincinnati.

A serious cutting affair took place at the picnic at Elder's Spring, in this county, July 25th. We have not been able to obtain the particulars. The parties were a man named Gilbert and George Blair. Gilbert did the cutting—stabbing Blair in eight places. Blair is a dangerous fellow and this is not the first trouble he has had. The Blairs, also, are often in some difficulty. At this writing Blair is in a critical condition, with the chances for recovery in his favor.

Mr. C. E. Haswell is again a father. Mr. Haswell, to be sure, is both proud and happy. That sort of thing, however, is so common at his house, that he takes it in a very matter of fact way. The little stranger is a girl and has been christened Isabelle McHenry, in honor of Miss McHenry, of Hartford.

Our Lily white base ball team has been receiving some severe drubbings at the hands of the Cloverport team. Last week the Leitchfield colored team came over with the expectations of giving our colored team the same treatment. They succeeded, however, in coming out second best. The score at the close of the game stood 23 to 34 in favor of the Hardinsburg boys. Our boys will go to Leitchfield shortly and will complete the series by defeating the Leitchfield team again.

A light form of typhoid fever seems to be epidemic in this country. There are several cases, among whom are Mr. Amos Kincheol, Mr. Allen Kincheol, Miss Eliza Jolly and little Lucy May, who is now convalescent. No case thus far has resulted fatally. The medical fraternity seem to be improving in their treatment of this dread disease. A great deal depends on skillful nursing.

Miss Mary Board is visiting at Webster and Rineyville and Miss Hattie May at Webster.

A number of our citizens are subscribing for the Weekly Louisville Commercial at the rate of 40 cents per year. At this extremely low price it is put within the reach of all. It will make good Republican campaign material and should be well circulated all over the State. Jesse R. Eskridge is agent for Breckenridge county.

The Epworth League of this place, had a cake walk last week at the residence of Mr. Robert Smith. The most graceful walkers were to obtain the cake. They walked in pairs and the judges, after reviewing the procession, decided that Mr. H. Board, cashier of the Bank of Hardinsburg, and Miss Sue Monarch, of Owensboro, were entitled to the prizes. They were therefore awarded the cakes and the attending honors. Refreshments were sold by the members of the League. The yard was decorated with League colors and Chinese lanterns and presented an attractive appearance. We suppose all who attended spent a pleasant evening.

A curious freak of nature occurred out at the farm of Mr. George Hook, about three miles from town, last week. It was in the shape of a heavy hail storm. It came down in such quantities that it could be raked up with a shovel, and a tobacco crop on Mr. Hook's place was nearly destroyed by it. Speaking of tobacco reminds me that the tobacco crop in our part of Breckenridge county is rather inferior, both in quantity and quality. It is estimated that there is about 60 per cent of a full crop. The corn crop is about an average. The wheat crop was better than usual. Apples and peaches are practically a complete failure. There is a small yield of grapes.

The Phoenix Lime Company, of Stephensport, Ky., has made an assignment and filed a petition in the Breckenridge Circuit Court, praying that the business be put in the hands of a receiver. This company, as its name implies, is engaged in making lime and quarrying building stone. It has gotten in a bad fix financially; contracting debts amounting to about \$3,500, without sufficient assets to meet them. Mr. Peter C. Brashear, of Owensboro, formerly connected with the First National Bank of this city, is President and chief stockholder of the concern. The capital stock is \$10,000, consisting of 100 shares valued at \$100 per share.

Ben Macey was in trouble last week. He lives about two miles from town on the Brandenburg road. Several years ago he was tried for larceny and was adjudged to be one. On a new trial, however, he was acquitted of the charge. He had an idea that the Lord had commanded him to kill his mother. He said the Divine powers commanded him to take her to the river, tie a rock about her neck and drown her. A few days in jail dispelled his hallucination. He got along peacefully until recently. Of late he has been causing uneasiness. Several weeks ago Walter Clark went to his house to return some tools he had borrowed and was chased off by Macey with an ax. On the 30th of July James T. Beard was looking at some of his cattle with the view of purchasing a cow. Macey came out with a cocked revolver in his hand, with which he made threatening demonstrations toward Beard and ordered him from the place. Beard went away and came to town the next day and procured a warrant for his arrest. The next day the officers brought him to town, he pleaded guilty and was fined \$50. He failed to pay or replevy the fine and was sent to jail. He is a good farmer and will probably pay the fine rather than stay in jail. A little heroic treatment will probably result in his better behavior.

leader in his own county and Congressional District, but is regarded as a valuable campaigner all over the State. His speeches, so far in the campaign, have been well received. This district, if properly managed, is reasonably sure to elect a Republican to Congress, and the National Republican organization should not overlook this opportunity of gaining another Congressman.

Montgomery Nominated.
The Primary Election passed off quietly last Saturday, and Mr. Montgomery was nominated by a large majority. The following is the vote in this county by precinct:

MONT'RY. MURRAY.
East Hartford . . . 74 40
West Hartford . . . 39 51
Beda . . . 18 13
Bulford . . . 32 19
Heflin . . . 3 23
Bartlett's . . . 27 00
Magan . . . 25 25
Fordsville . . . 52 27
Shreve . . . 13 21
Sulphur Springs . . . 45 10
Rosine . . . 56 15
Select . . . 1 3
Cromwell . . . 25 20
Cool Springs . . . 7 5
Beaver Dam . . . 87 56
McHenry . . . 21 4
Rockport . . . 80 15
Centertown . . . 51 9
Smallhouse . . . 16 6
Horse Branch . . . 17 6
Ellis . . . 48 5

Total . . . 737 373
Montgomery's majority . . . 364
The majorities in the other counties as nearly as can be determined at this time are as follows: For Montgomery—Hardin, 843; Hart, 567; LaRue, 401; Nelson, 349; Green, 362; Ohio, 364; Washington, 196; Meade, 150; Grayson, 65; Taylor, 20; Bullitt, tie. Total, 3,317. For Murray—Breckenridge, 798; Marion, 262. Total, 1,060. This gives Montgomery 2,257 in the District.

Democratic Disappointment.
HARDINSBURG, Ky., Aug. 7.
There is dissatisfaction among Democrats in this county over the outcome of the recent Congressional Primary. In July a dispatch was sent from Cloverport to the Louisville Commercial stating that this county would give Murray a majority of 2,500. The count will give him 800 majority. It seems that Murray's strength in the District was overestimated in just about the same proportion as it was in the dispatch to The Commercial. The dissatisfaction, however, grows out of the fact that Montgomery has been re-nominated. He is a banker, or has large banking interests, and is accused of being a "gold bug." It is urged again by some Democrats that his nomination was secured by machine politics and the use of money. Others say he has had the office long enough. There is another important fact, also, that is causing some deep, earnest thinking among fair-minded Democrats, namely and to wit: Mr. Montgomery belongs to that Congress of which so much was promised to the people, and which in reality has done so little. In fact it has done nothing and worse than nothing. For these various reasons Mr. Montgomery will be in a very bad way in Breckenridge county on the 6th of November.

With Republicans working enthusiastically and in harmony; with Democrats dissatisfied, Mr. Montgomery will do well if he has less than 300 majority cast against him in November. The tide is flowing steadily and strongly, surely and irresistibly in the direction of John W. Lewis. There is a fighting chance for the Republican nominee in the Fourth Congressional District.

ROBIN HOOD.
Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.
The Republican Convention for this district was held at Lebanon, Ky., the 27th of June last. Every county in the district was fully represented. It was an intelligent, substantial body of men, composed of the best class of citizens of the District, probably the largest delegate Convention that ever assembled in the district, of any party. Hon. John W. Lewis was nominated by acclamation.

In 1892 the Republican and Populist vote combined exceeded the vote of the Democratic candidate 1,396 votes. There are thirteen counties in the district, Bullitt, Hardin, Hart, Grayson, Meade, Breckenridge, Ohio, Larue, Nelson, Marion, Washington, Taylor, and Green. Breckenridge, Ohio and Grayson are close counties, often giving Republican than Democratic. Green county is safely Republican, and Taylor has voted that way in the recent elections. The main line of the L. & N. R. R. traverses Bullitt, Hardin and Hart counties. The C. O. & S. W. R. R. runs through Bullitt, Hardin, Grayson and Ohio counties. The Knoxville branch of the L. & N. R. R. runs through Bullitt, Nelson and Marion. The Bardstown and Springfield branch of the L. & N. R. R. runs through Bullitt, Nelson and Washington, and the Greensburg branch of same road runs through Marion, Taylor and Green. The Royer Wheel-works, of Cincinnati have a large manufacturing establishment at Campbellsville, Taylor county. These railroads and this establishment have taken into the district a large labor vote. Beside this there are in Ohio county many large coal mines, in which there are employed some 1,500 men. Information from all parts of the district, and from sources entirely reliable, is that this labor vote, hitherto Democratic, is now turning to the Republican party with practical unanimity.

Mr. John W. Lewis is one of the most prominent Republicans in Kentucky. He is not only a political

leader in his own county and Congressional District, but is regarded as a valuable campaigner all over the State. His speeches, so far in the campaign, have been well received. This district, if properly managed, is reasonably sure to elect a Republican to Congress, and the National Republican organization should not overlook this opportunity of gaining another Congressman.

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MONDAY IN HARTFORD.

The First Day of Circuit Court and an Unusually Large Crowd in Town.

Horse Traders and Horse Jockeys Almost Take The Town.

OTHER INTERESTING JOTTINGS.

The crowd in Hartford on last Monday was the largest seen here on the first day of Circuit Court for a number of years. All day long the town was thronged with a hustling, busy crowd, and the streets about the livery stables were almost blocked with vehicles.

The horse jockey crowd was here in rich and varied profusion. Many a "stack of bones," called for want of a more appropriate name, "a horse," was dragged and goaded about the streets by cruel owner, who with whip and spur attempted to infuse new life into the frail bodies of the helpless animal.

Quite a large number of Wild West horses were sold here that day and a large part of the crowd had no little amusement in watching the lassoing of these four-footed demons of the plains. The sale took place in Mr. Henry Field's barn lot and after the horses were disposed of, the work of haltering the unruly equines commenced. A burning circus nor a double geared stem-winding Spanish bull fight would have been mere child's play by the side of the entertainment the crowd enjoyed. The horses were securely haltered and then turned over to the tender graces of a big buck negro. These horses, rearing, kicking, plunging and running, soon filled the streets to the dismay of everybody. Many serious accidents were narrowly averted. Soon the horse jockeys gathered along Market Street and for full two hours pandemonium reigned supreme. If there ever was a town ordinance against such proceedings no tangible representative of that authority manifested itself. After the negroes had wearied the horses down and the jockeys had done all their work the streets became once more respectable and safe.

S. O. P. HALL'S SALE.
Some time ago the grocery of S. O. P. Hall was closed on an attachment sued out by some of his creditors and since then the case has been vigorously prosecuted in the Courts. The case was finally determined and Monday was set for the day of the sale of the stock. A large crowd was present and many amusing incidents occurred. Monday was a big day and all of our hotels and boarding houses were crowded.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

BEAVER DAM.
The laying of the corner stone of the First M. E. Church last Thursday was quite an enjoyable affair. The Grand Lecture by Rev. J. W. Turner was quite beneficial to all both young and old.

The Mammoth Cave party returned home Friday and report a splendid trip.

Mr. Henry B. Carson spent Sunday in town, the guest of his aunt, Mrs. F. O. Austin.

Mrs. J. H. Nave and daughter, Miss Bessie, and Misses Attie and Sadie Austin were in Hartford Sunday.

Miss Minnie Rowe, Spring Lick, was the guest of Miss Bessie Nave Friday and Saturday.

Mr. J. P. McKenney and daughter, Miss Anna, spent Sunday and Monday in Morgantown.

Miss Bessie Nave spent Saturday night in Rosine.

Mr. John Metcalfe is no better at this writing.

Miss Mabel Sweet is on the sick list this week.

Large crowds went driving Sunday afternoon.

The young ladies and girls of Beaver Dam have a play on foot for the benefit of the Schoolhouse. The name "The Chrononoteletor;" the Farce, "Leap Year in the Village with but one Gentleman," will be played on the 25th of this month in School Hall. We hope to have a large and appreciative audience.

Miss Myrl Butler, Morgantown, is spending this week with Miss Attie Austin.

Miss Julia Ricketts and Mrs. Corinne Martin, Sherman, Texas, are the guests of the family of Mr. J. P. McKenney this week.

Dr. W. T. McKenney's cottage and the School Hall are nearing completion.

Mrs. F. O. Austin and little Miss Marie left Wednesday for a few days visit to their aunt at Bardwell, Ky.

ATTYR.

I Was Sick

Every day, suffering with stomach, liver and kidney trouble, also from after effects of the

grip, with pain in my back and limbs. Different medicines failed to benefit me. The first dose of Hood's Sarsaparilla relieved my stomach. I have continued and I am now permanently cured. All pain has left me, my appetite is good, my sleep sound and refreshing. And I am strong and well. I never enjoyed better health. R. F. LAMAR, White Bluff, Tennessee.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Every day, suffering with stomach, liver and kidney trouble, also from after effects of the

QUARTERLY REPORT

—OF THE—

Beaver Dam Deposit Bank

At the Close of Business on 18th day of June 1894.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts . . . \$72,075.87
Overdrafts, secured . . . 264.11
Overdrafts, unsecured . . . 594.30
Due from National Banks . . . 11,115.58
Due from State banks and Bankers . . . 45.59
Banking house and lot . . . 2,632.72
Specie . . . 2,044.00
Currency . . . 2,044.00
Furniture and Fixtures . . . 1,500.00
Current expenses . . . 867.12

\$94,139.29

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in, in cash \$25,000.00
Surplus fund . . . 8,250.00
Undivided profits . . . 4,204.02
Due Depositors . . . \$6,571.67
Due State banks & b'ks & b'rs . . . 59.00
Due National Banks . . . 54.60

\$94,139.29

STATE OF KENTUCKY,

COUNTY OF OHIO, } ss

John H. Barnes, Cashier of Beaver Dam Deposit Bank, a bank located and doing business in the town of Beaver Dam, in said county, being duly sworn, says that the foregoing report is in all respects a true statement of the condition of the said bank at the close of business on the 18th day of June, 1894, to the best of his knowledge and belief; and further says that the business of said bank has been transacted at the location named, and not elsewhere; and that the above report is made in compliance with an official notice received from the Secretary of State, designating the 18th day of June, 1894, as the day on which such report shall be made.

Subscribed and sworn to before me by John H. Barnes, the 20th day of June, 1894.

Clerk Ohio County Court.

By SHERLYN TAYLOR, D. C.
J. H. BARNES, Cashier
R. P. HOCKER, Director.
JNO. H. BARNES, "
I. P. BARNARD, "

STATEMENT

Of condition of the

BANK OF HARTFORD

June 30, '94.

RESOURCES.

Loans . . . \$65,151.81
Overdrafts, secured . . . 1,642.91
Overdrafts, unsecured . . . 153.64
Due from Banks . . . 7,763.35
Banking house and lot . . . 3,000.00
Furniture and Fixtures . . . 1,000.00
Cash in safe . . . 8,666.13
Debts in suit . . . 668.54
Stocks and Bonds . . . 1,341.67

\$89,418.05

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock . . . \$30,000.00
Due Depositors . . . 52,839.71
Due other Banks . . . 430.17
Profit and Loss account . . . 4,948.17
Dividend No. 20 . . . 1,200.00

KEEP COOL

Don't get EXCITED!
Don't suffer from heat!

Warm Weather
Suggestions.

Under a
Straw Hat.

Under a
Sun Umbrella.

In a Nobby
Negligee Shirt.

In a Stylish
Rolled Collar.

In a Neat
Light Necktie.

You can complete
Your Summer Suit
And defy Old Sol.

FAIR BROS. & CO.

Have just what you need.

NEW TIME TABLE.

| WEST. | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|
| Effective April 8, 1894, 4:25 p. m. | |
| No. 5, Mail | 11:48 a. m. |
| No. 7, Lim. Ex. | 11:25 p. m. |
| No. 31, (Local) | 4:35 p. m. |
| EAST. | |
| No. 6, Mail | 12:50 p. m. |
| No. 8, Lim. Ex. | 3:25 a. m. |
| No. 32, (Local) | 5:54 a. m. |
| H. MERRICK, Ag't, Beaver Dam. | |

FRIDAY, AUGUST 10, 1894.

Pace, the barber, is still at the old stand ready to furnish his patrons with a good shave, shingle or shampoo.

After August 20th I will be in my office at the Hartford House only on Saturdays. 22 R. R. WEDDING.

Dr. Wesley Phillips, formerly a citizen of this county, died at his home in Burnt Prairie, Ill., last Sunday week, the 29th ult.

Hayti comes down with a little shooting and running scrape, which occurred last Saturday night. John Duvall and Wes Callahan were participants, the former handling the gun and the latter working his legs. No damages.

Miss Sallie Taylor and Master John Taylor gave the little folks a party last night in honor of their cousin, Master Helm Walker, Louisville. There was a large crowd of little people present and the evening was very pleasantly spent.

Base ball grew rampant in Hartford last Saturday and a game was arranged between the First and Second Nines. The contest was spirited and lively, and resulted after five innings in a score of 30 to 13 in favor of the First Nine. The rivalry was rather heightened than allayed by this game and other games will follow.

The alarm of fire was heard in the town about 11 o'clock Tuesday, and the bucket brigade was soon directed to the residence of Mr. J. P. Sanderfur on Union Street. The kitchen was found to be on fire and the flames were making rapid headway. By the most efficient work, however, the fire was extinguished and the property saved. Loss about \$75 or \$100.

Notes.

I have leased the coal bank on the Moseley & Johnson farm, 2 miles east of Hartford, known as the Nichols bank, and am prepared to fill all contracts at most reasonable prices. This coal is guaranteed to be as good as any in Ohio county. Patronage solicited. 1st PETER H. HAPPY.

School orders taken at Carson & Co's.

Come to Carson & Co. for a suit of clothes.

FOR SALE—A COW.
24 WILLIAMS & BELL.

Mrs. Ella Mason, of Beech Grove, visited relatives in Heflin Sunday.

Marriage license: Wm. E. Reed to Miss Maggie Ham. Colored, Henry Morris to Amanda Borah.

For good feed, good water, good accommodation and good rigs day or night, call on Casabier & Burton.

"You are always busy," so say our customers. That's right and we are always going to be busy.

CARSON & CO.

All summer goods have moved off nicely, but we still have some bargains left, which must be sold in the next three weeks. CARSON & CO.

I shall preach at Goshen next Sunday at 11 a. m. I desire the presence of all the trustees of church property. E. E. PATE.

A very interesting game of base ball was played in the meadow of Rev. J. A. Bennett, on No Creek last Saturday between the Kinderhook and the No Creeks. A game of nine innings to a side was played in one hour and forty minutes, resulting in a score of 17 for the No Creeks and 6 for the Kinderhook. Batteries—C. M. Crow and Ed Ellis for the No Creeks and Marvin Cook and Ernest Ellis for the Kinderhook. There were about 150 persons present, many ladies being among the number. The Kinderhook will play the Center-towns next Saturday in Mr. J. C. Riley's meadow, and an ice cream supper will be given at night at Beda for the benefit of the Kinderhook team.

KINDERHOOK.

Aug. 7.—Owing to the drouth the farmers are greatly discouraged, as hardly any of them have a full crop of tobacco.

J. R. Williams went to Fordsville Sunday on legal business.

Miss Mamie Barnard, of Louisville, is the guest of her cousin, Miss Bertha Riley, at this writing.

V. G. Barnett spent Sunday evening in Centertown.

Miss Ida Smith left for Fordsville Sunday, where she will spend some time with her sister, Mrs. McCuen. We learn that she has been engaged to teach the fall term of school near that place. She is an excellent young lady and we wish her success.

Miss Oma Tanner, from above town, is visiting friends in Kinderhook at this writing.

Mrs. R. A. Anderson and daughter, Nettie, spent Thursday on No Creek, the guests of Mrs. Annie Ward.

A. S. Stevens, who has been engaged at work in Daviess county, is at home on the sick list.

C. H. Ellis is visiting friends and relatives in Henderson and Union counties at this writing.

Wesley Stevens is thought to be taking the typhoid fever.

Mr. Jo Foster, who has been sick so long of typhoid fever, is no better. Mrs. Lillian Baird has returned to her home in Daviess county after a short visit to friends and relatives in Beda and Kinderhook.

Mrs. C. M. Barnett, of No Creek, spent Monday in Kinderhook.

Misses Nettie and Hortense Rogers, of Beaver Dam, were among the many visitors who attended the Quarterly meeting at Mt. Herman Sunday.

The Kinderhook and Centertown base ball teams will play a match game of ball next Saturday in Mr. John C. Riley's meadow, at night the Kinderhook team will give an ice cream supper at Beda for the benefit of the club. DAISY DEANE.

HERBERT.

While Mr. James Hilary Miller was driving two young mules to a mowing machine recently, they ran off, running over Mr. Miller, but not seriously injuring him.

Miss Ida McDaniel, of Owensboro, was called to the bed-side of her aunt, Miss Lorinda McDaniel, who is very sick.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Gilmore, Fordsville, visited her mother, Mrs. M. S. Miller, Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Tella Haynes is staying at Blackford, the guest of the Misses Stewart.

Mr. J. S. Miller and wife, of Owensboro, are the guests of his mother, Mrs. M. S. Miller.

Mr. Willie Ford and family, of Fordsville, are visiting relatives at Pellville.

Mr. E. E. Bruner and family, of Owensboro, are visiting in this place. We have a very interesting Sunday School at this place, Mr. John Bruner acting as Superintendent.

The Association at Oak Grove is near at hand and each family expects a right smart company.

Miss Ida Grey Bruner, of Owensboro was the guest of Miss Edna Ford Monday and Monday night.

Miss Ada Luck, of Whitesville, is visiting her mother at this place.

Mr. Sam Chambers and family, of Chambers, visited his brother, Mr. James Chambers, Sunday.

Miss Nannie Chambers was the guest of Miss Ethel Bruner Sunday.

Messrs. Andy Metcalf, Virgil Miller, and Richard Metcalf made a flying visit to Owensboro Sunday.

The party at Mr. Willie Lyons Saturday night was very nice and very much enjoyed by all.

Mr. Willie Lyons is quite sick at this writing of something like the typhoid fever. ELLIAN.

LADIES
Need a tonic or children that want building up, should take
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.
It is pleasant to take, cures Bile, Indigestion, and Biliousness. All dealers keep it.

PERSONAL.

Miss Henri Hammons has returned to Horton.

Dr. J. H. White has returned from Louisville.

Mr. J. H. B. Carson spent Sunday in Beaver Dam.

Mr. J. S. Allen, Select, called to see us Wednesday.

Mr. R. J. Mason, Buford, called to see us Wednesday.

Sam Haycraft, Louisville, spent Sunday in Hartford.

Capt. Mose Herrell, of Rochester, was in town yesterday.

Mr. Godman Dean, Godman, Ky., was in town this week.

Mr. Colly James, of Centertown, is the guest of Mr. A. D. White.

Misses Birdie and Zella Nall have returned from Butler county.

Miss Stella Thomas returned Wednesday from Sulphur Springs.

Miss Oma Coffey, of Florida, is the guest of Miss Isabelle McHenry.

Mr. Ellis Owen, Owensboro, is the guest of his cousin, Mr. J. P. Thomas.

Miss Maimie Sallee, of Henderson, is visiting her cousin, Miss Emma Fair.

Miss Adelia Clifton, of Tennessee, is visiting the Misses Coombes this week.

Misses Lydia and Berta Morton are visiting friends and relatives at Prentiss.

Mr. H. W. Rolph, Louisville, was the guest of Mr. L. H. McHenry Sunday.

Miss Edith Carson is visiting friends and relatives in Owensboro this week.

Miss Ella Bennett, of Daviess county, is visiting the family of Mr. Jos. L. Carson.

Judge C. W. Massie and wife, Owensboro, are stopping at the Hartford House.

Mrs. H. B. Taylor and Miss Ella Taylor, Louisville, are the guests of Mr. W. H. Taylor.

Judge B. L. D. Guffy, Morgantown, was the guest of his son, Mr. E. D. Guffy, the first of the week.

Mr. Jo Foster, of Kinderhook, who has been sick for the past several weeks is thought to be somewhat better.

Mr. Jos. L. Carson, who has been confined to his room with rheumatism for several weeks, is able to be out again.

Capt. S. K. Cox, wife, son Sam and little daughters, Isabelle and Fannie, spent last Sunday at Pleasant Ridge, the guest of Dr. J. C. Hoover and family.

Commonwealth's Attorney J. E. Rowe, Judge L. P. Little, Owensboro; J. B. Vickers, Fordsville, P. H. Darby, Louisville; Perry Westerfield, Beaver Dam, are in attendance at Court this week.

Mrs. B. D. Ringo, Mrs. Carrie Field, Miss Katie Coombes, Mr. F. L. Felix, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Hayward, Miss Mary Rowe and L. M. Render attended the funeral of Mrs. John B. Wilson at Hopewell Wednesday evening.

Johnson-Tucker.

Prof. W. M. Johnson, one of Ohio county's energetic young teachers and Miss Comma Tucker, a popular belle of Buel, McClean county, were married at the home of the bride's parents, on last Thursday, at 4 p. m.; Rev. W. H. Angell officiating. The REPUBLICAN extends congratulations.

To Whom it May Concern.

All persons indebted to me by note or account are hereby notified to settle same at once with my legally appointed agent, Mr. A. C. Ellis, and save cost. Very respectfully,
A. B. BAIRD, M. D.

A Grand Feature.

Of Hood's Sarsaparilla is that while it purifies the blood and sends it coursing through the veins full of richness and health, it also imparts new life and vigor to every function of the body. Hence the expression so often heard: "Hood's Sarsaparilla made a new person of me." It overcomes that tired feeling so common now.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, perfectly harmless, always reliable and beneficial.

CENTRAL GROVE.

Aug. 7.—Dry weather and dusty roads.

Farmers are becoming very badly discouraged over the conditions of their crops.

Rev. H. P. Brown failed to fill his appointment here Sunday, but sent in his stead Rev. G. T. Tinsley, who gave us an interesting talk on the following subject: "If the righteous scarcely are saved, where shall the ungodly and sinner appear?"

A musical entertainment will be given at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Alney Tichenor, Wednesday night, August 8th. The evening is hoped to be quite an enjoyable one.

The fall school at this place will be taught by Miss Myrtle Rowe. We heartily welcome her to our community and wish her success.

Misses Ella Wade and Jennie Casabier, of Rockport, are visiting relatives in this neighborhood.

Misses Mattie and Cora Rowe entertained a few friends last Thursday night and all present had a pleasant time.

Miss Clemmie Park is visiting near Beda, the guest of her sister, Mrs. Dave Allen.

Mr. William Carson and daughter, Miss Della, of Beda, were the guests of Mr. George Carson and family Saturday and Sunday. IONA.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

COLORED TEACHERS

Hold an Interesting Session At the Alpha Baptist Church
—Some of the Proceed-
ings.

The Joint County Teachers' Institute, consisting of Daviess, Butler, and Ohio counties, met in the Alpha Baptist Church, in Hayti, Ohio county, August 7, 1894, and was called to order by Superintendent Jo. B. Rogers at 9:30, a. m.

Rev. J. J. Flemming conducted devotional exercises, after which a regular organization was effected.

H. H. Buckingham was chosen permanent Chairman and Tamer Lewis was chosen Secretary. P. A. Gary was chosen editor and Miss Minnie Taylor was chosen organist.

Superintendent Rogers then gave an interesting talk, full of rich thought, urging each member to take an active part in the Institute—saying that each member would be judged by the people according to his activity during each session. His talk was highly appreciated and each teacher felt that it was good to be here, and all were sorry that so worthy a man should so soon leave the profession.

Next in order was the enrollment of teachers. Twelve teachers were enrolled.

The Welcome Address was then made by Prof. H. H. Buckingham. Although a stranger to the majority of the members, he impressed his hearers as being a gentleman and a scholar of rare good taste and full of good works.

A motion was made and was carried to discuss a topic not on the regular program, viz: "Can a person be a successful teacher without being a Christian?" The subject was discussed by different members, each one presenting a different view of the importance of the subject. Enthusiasm ran so high for a while that it reminded one of the old fashioned speaking meetings of long ago. When the discussion closed we do not think that there was one sinner left. The body then adjourned for noon to meet again at 1 o'clock.

NOON.

The house was called to order at 1:30 o'clock and after the roll call, which showed several members absent the regular program was taken up.

Pennmanship was presented by Tamer Lewis and then discussed by the Institute. Each one presented a good method and as one says our most serious drawback has been removed, namely: "no desks." We hope to soon see those good talks put into practice.

Prof. W. H. Pope then introduced Civics and in a clear and concise manner showed its relations. P. A. Gary discussed Oral Instruction and J. J. Fleming discussed Text-book Course and Lecture was discussed by E. J. Foster.

A motion prevailed to close the session, but after due consideration it was decided to continue the subject until Wednesday. At this point the Superintendent-elect, Shultz, was introduced by Superintendent Rogers as a man worthy in every respect to fill so responsible a position. Prof. Shultz gave us a very interesting talk, it being the first time he had ever had an opportunity of addressing a colored Institute. After music the body adjourned to meet at 8 p. m.

NIGHT.

Exercises were opened with singing hymn No 91; prayer by H. H. Buckingham. School Government was discussed by W. H. Pope. He said that the basis of school government was love.

Superintendent-elect Shultz discussed The part that belongs to the Trustees, Teachers, Parents and the Superintendent. He told of the great responsibility resting upon each of them and we are sure that if there were any trustees or parents present that our schools would be far better in the future than they have been in the past.

Shall we have Rules? was discussed by W. R. Harding, in his usual happy way. His 23 rules will not soon be forgotten by the members of the Institute, and his "beware of danger" will be a motto in every school room.

If so by whom enforced? was discussed by J. J. Fleming. The Institute then adjourned to meet at 8 a. m. Wednesday morning.

H. H. BUCKINGHAM, Ch'm'n.
TAMAR LEWIS, Sec'y.
(Continued next week.)

Church Notes.

The Quarterly Conference of the M. E. Church, South, which convened at Mt. Herman last Saturday and Sunday, was a most enjoyable occasion. Large crowds were in attendance and the people of the neighborhood with their well known hospitality entertained the visitors. The preaching was done by Revs. S. X. Hall, T. H. Morris and R. A. Crowe.

The people who heard Rev. Dr. Turner, of Louisville, last Thursday night at Beaver Dam in his lecture, "A Wasted Force," are enthusiastic in their praises of the orator and his subject. The proceeds go toward erecting the new M. E. Church at Beaver Dam.

The Daviess County Baptist Association convenes at Uica (Lewis Station) on the O. & N. Railroad on next Tuesday.

The Sulphur Springs Camp Meetings to-day. The people have made ample preparation for the entertainment of large crowds. Rev. J. W. Bigham, who conducted the revival at the Methodist Church here, several weeks ago, and Rev. D. F. Kerr, Presiding Elder of the Green River District M. E. Church, will be present and do a great part of the preaching.

Mrs. John B. Wilson Dead.
Early Wednesday morning the announcement of the death of Mrs. John B. Wilson, at Centertown, was made on the streets and a shadow of gloom fell on our people. It was only in the month of Aprilamid sunshine and flowers that Mr. Wilson led his happy bride, Miss Mabel King, to the matrimonial altar, and the couple came to Hartford to make their home.

While on a visit to the home of his father, Mr. Levi Wilson, Prentiss, Mrs. Wilson was taken seriously ill. She grew worse but was finally able to be taken to the home of her brother, Dr. H. L. King, of Centertown, some weeks ago. But again she grew worse and finally the end came on Tuesday evening. She was a most estimable woman, a loving and devoted wife, a true friend and obliging neighbor. The bereaved young husband has the sincere condolence of the people not only of Hartford but of the entire county.

The funeral took place Wednesday evening at Hopewell Cemetery in the Southern part of the county.

Religious.

Church meeting at the Baptist Church next Saturday evening. This is the most important meeting in the Associational year. Therefore, all the members are most earnestly urged to attend. Preaching at the usual hour on Sunday morning: "The Divinity of Christ," as proven by the miracles which he wrought. If there are any who doubt that Christ was the son of God, let them especially attend.

J. S. COLEMAN, Pastor.

Remember C. R. Martin, the Jeweler, does all kinds of repairing on Watches, Clocks and Jewelry on short notice.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR.
PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

BEAVER DAM

HIGH SCHOOL.

The third year of this educational institution will open the 28th day of AUGUST, 1894, with new additional rooms and with additions to the Faculty, which will place it abreast of any educational institution in this Green River Country. Its success has already been beyond the most sanguine expectations of its projectors, and with its increased capacity there can be no doubt of its being a leading educational center. Beaver Dam is pleasantly located on the C. O. & S. W. Railroad, with superior mail and bus facilities from every point. It is strictly moral, with splendid Church and Sunday School advantages. Board can be obtained at the very lowest rates. For further information address Prof. E. R. RAY, President; Miss DORA E. GIBSON, Vice President, or the Board of Trustees. Send for Catalogue.

R. P. HOCKER, Ch'm'n,
J. P. MCKINNEY,
F. O. AUSTIN,
Board of Trustees.

A GREAT WONDER!

A MUCH NEEDED ENTERPRISE.

A NEW FOUNDRY

MACHINE SHOP.

We are now prepared to do all kinds

of Casting, Repair Machinery and Boilers,

Fix Threshing and Mowing Machines,

Reapers, Binders, etc.; also Gum and Hammer Mill Saws, Grind Chilled Plow Points,

Repair Pumps, make Engines, and everything needed for any kind of machinery.

Work done with promptness, and satisfaction guaranteed. Also all kinds of

Pipe Fixtures and Belting kept in stock.

Soliciting a liberal patronage, we are yours,

Very respectfully,

McHENRY MANT'ING and MACHINE CO.,
McHenry, Ky.

(INCORPORATED)
J. S. SMITH, Pres't.
D. S. DUNCAN, Sec'y & Treas.

QUAKER CITY BAKING POWDER

"Pure," "Wholesome," "Has no superior." Sample 10c.

Allegro.
1st time.
2d time.
3d time.

1. "QUAKER CITY BAKING POWDER" is of all we've found the best. Claims a place above the rest.
2. Absolutely pure and wholesome. (Omit.)
3. With ten pennies get a sample of your Grocer's—7 day. He your pennies will re-pay.
4. If it is not real - it is false. (Omit.)
5. How can it be all but false? Failure there will never be.
6. For success will ever follow. (Omit.)
Those who use Q. C. B. P.

For Sale.

A house and lot at Sulphur Springs, Ohio county, Ky., situated opposite the Hotel. Good location and house in good repair. For further information call on or address

J. S. R. WEDDING, Agent.
Hartford, Ky.

PENNYROYAL PILLS.

Dr. Perry's Reliable are the safest and best regulator for ladies; nothing unpleasant, and always effectual. Advice free. Packages \$1 and \$2 direct. THE CATON CO., 11y Druggists, Boston, Mass.

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BUILDERS &
CONTRACTORS

Careful Estimates made on all Carpentering and Building. Terms reasonable. Hartford, Ky.

Hartford Republican

FRIDAY, AUGUST 10, 1894

CLEVELAND'S TARIFF BILL.

The Anglo-Saxon Document Favored by the Head of the Democracy.

If the republicans of the United States were to be called to account for some of the strong partisan statements made concerning the Wilson bill, now under consideration, every democrat in the United States would raise his voice in strong denials of any and everything that a republican or protectionist might say. We are, therefore, greatly obliged to the independent press of the country, and to such papers as the New York Sun, for a criticism which cannot for a moment be considered as being at all in sympathy with republican processes or measures.

The Detroit Evening News, which is classed among the most ultra free trade papers of the United States, in a recent editorial article offers the following criticism upon Mr. Cleveland's tariff bill:

"His tariff bill—for he seems to have fathered the measure, and, in all probability, dictated it—does much more for Great Britain than merely open our ports to her goods. It repeats the blunder that was made by a democratic administration in 1834, when Canada was ripe for annexation as Hawaii is now. The strongest politicians in the provinces at that time were declaring that Canada must have a relaxation of the American tariff so as to admit their farm products to our market, or they must have annexation. A great British statesman, Lord Elgin, was sent over to save what was left of the empire on this continent, and succeeded in getting a reciprocity treaty which at once silenced the clamor for political union. This was not a question of economics or of trade. It was a question of high international politics, of statesmanship. It has reached the same point again. Our tariff policy, whatever economists may say of it, has brought the Canadian border to its knees again. The people there can neither consume their own products nor sell their own to our border. They are leaving the country when they can, and growling under their isolation where they cannot emigrate to the United States. The demand for annexation is growing rapidly. Every intelligent Canadian feels, and confesses if he is not an office-holder, that the situation cannot last, and that political union is the logical outcome. The Wilson bill gives them all they ask, and gives it to them without reciprocal concessions. If it becomes a law, the Canadian farmer will have the market of seventy millions of American consumers opened to him, and he will no longer have any reason to complain of his condition. There will be an end of the political union movement. The loyal subjects of her majesty will no longer sigh for the flesh pots of American trade, for they will have them at their doors to their hearts' content. Surely the English press may rejoice at this, and may well praise the man who performs so mighty a service for the queen. Wolfe, himself, when he drove the French out of Canada did not more substantially earn the gratitude of the British race."

If the farmers of Michigan, Wisconsin, Ohio and New York, to say nothing of those who live south and west of the Canadian border, can read this article with any degree of candor, they indeed must be said that the American farmer is strangely infatuated with ideas born of anything other than a political principle which stands the test of experience and practice. If the western farmers of the United States, and those along the Canadian border can vote to guarantee Canada the advantages acknowledged as a gift in the foregoing article, this complaint ought to cease at the farmer is not being legislated for, when they themselves become parties to the enactment of a statute which openly robs them of an equal opportunity in their own markets, while they are shut out from the markets across the border, by a high protective tariff in Canada.

A DEMOCRATIC FALLACY.

Inconsistent Free Trade Arguments Favoring Foreign Markets.

We are told by that great student of political economy, Roger C. Mills, of Texas, that one object to be attained by the passage of the Wilson bill with its iniquitous ad valorem features is to enable us to find a market abroad for the products of our farm and factory.

This astute gentleman of Texas with most brain effrontery ignores the fact that our home market is the best in the world and worth more to us than all the markets of the world put together. Over ninety per cent. of everything produced in the United States is consumed by our own people. But there is another feature to this nonsense and twaddle about finding a foreign market for our products, which is decidedly inconsistent, and it is this: Abrogate the McKinley tariff and you do away with reciprocity, which has resulted in a large foreign demand for our surplus products. In Cuba and the South American states the demand for our goods created by reciprocity during the past two years will cease entirely, and England or Germany will supplant us, and why? Simply because with free trade we cannot offer those countries any inducements to trade with us. Their products will come in duty free, while they will buy their goods in European markets, where with cheaper labor we will be undersold. A striking result of reciprocity is witnessed in our relations with Cuba.

In 1890 that country imported our surplus products to the value of \$50,000,000. The demand of our products was greatly stimulated by reciprocity, and in 1893 Cuba paid us \$24,000,000 for goods and merchandise bought of us, an increase of \$15,000,000 over the trade of 1890.

In the list of products bought in the latter year are such articles as flour and other farm products, machinery, tools, wire, engines, agricultural implements, steel bars, cut nails, boots and shoes. All this trade under the Wilson bill will be destroyed.

THE SUGAR QUESTION.

Free-Trade Democrats Working in the Interests of Foreigners.

The American people are practically interested in everything relating to the cost and the consumption of sugar. It enters directly into the domestic economy of every family. The increase or decrease of one or two cents in a pound is felt immediately from one end to another of this broad land.

It has been our misfortune that we have been almost entirely dependent for this staple of life upon the importations from foreign countries. In case of war, quarantine or other unforeseen disasters, a diminution of the supply would cause scarcity, increase prices here and bring much suffering. Because of this fact our statesmen have long sought by all proper means to foster its production, more especially in Louisiana. Unfortunately, however, it has been found impossible to raise it in competition with the coolie and slave labor of Cuba and other countries.

Within recent years experiments have shown that sugar could be made from sorghum cane, and a considerable

industry has been developed in Kansas and other western states where farmers have produced large quantities of this article. More recently still the development of the beet root sugar industry has been fostered in nearly every state between the Mississippi and the Pacific. Various states have passed laws facilitating this work; extensive plantations for the manufacture of sugar have been erected and farmers throughout this area have suddenly found themselves favored with a good and cash market for a large and very important crop.

The McKinley bill recognized all these conditions and at the same time gave full weight to the fact that sugar must be free. To be sure, sugar is used by the rich, but an increased price caused by duties would not be so generally felt by them as by the middle and poorer classes. The problem was to make sugar cheap and keep it cheap, and, at the same time, foster cane, sorghum and beet root products, with a view to making us, partially at least, independent of foreign countries, and give our farmers an additional crop and product.

The success of this plan has been notorious. Louisiana, for the first time in fifty years, has become prosperous; all through Kansas and the southwest, and even California, large acreages have been planted in sorghum and beet root, more especially the latter, and we are on the high way to realizing the prophecy of a recent English visitor, to the effect that "if the United States continue their method of free imports and bounties, they will, within ten years, produce in their own domain all, or nearly all, the sugar they require."

The cost of the bounty paid on sugar in the past year was less than ten millions of dollars. By its aid we have fostered the sugar industry within our borders, and given it an impetus which will steadily increase if the present legislation be retained.

By the Wilson-Voorhees bill, while it is difficult to say exactly how far they have yielded to the sugar trust, it is safe to say that duties amounting to nearly fifty millions annually will be imposed upon this article of prime necessity. This will not only increase the price to the amount of eighty cents per annum to every man, woman and child in the United States, but it will also wipe out all our domestic industries in this line and render us, in the future, entirely dependent on our imports.

We have a sugar trust already sufficiently powerful to dictate to the commerce committee in the senate and shape legislation on this bill to suit their purposes. If this bill passes they will not only be able to manipulate in New York but also through their foreign connections to absolutely control the output from Cuba and Germany.

It is an admitted fact that this sugar trust of New York city importers, half of whom are foreigners and all of whom are free trade democrats, have already secured control of the entire sugar product of Cuba, Porto Rico and Brazil for the next two years and of one-half at least of the German export. They have already in bond in New York more than 300,000 tons, to be delivered free under present law, then be refined and sold at an increase of price because, for the future, democratic free trade and sugar trusts will impose a duty of about one cent per pound.

The trust will "clean up" just \$50,000,000 by this deal alone, all of which will come out of the dear people.

As sugar is a vital article of domestic economy all this legislation is a matter deserving most careful consideration by the American people.

The latest form of democratic legislation does not directly and honestly contravene the protective principle, but does contain a great deal of discrimination which the party denounces as unconstitutional. The party first paralyzed business by the threat of revolutionizing the tariff, and now, after a long period of disastrous uncertainty, comes forward with a measure incongruous, ill digested, sectional and unbusiness-like in detail, which nevertheless embodies much of the substance of protection. The democratic party has trifled with the country. It has caused havoc to business without justification even from the standpoint of advocates of tariff for revenue only.—St. Louis City Journal.

The democratic press is making great deal of ado trying to prove that their party is not responsible for the lack of funds in the federal treasury, necessitating indorsed instead of cashed warrants for jurors and witnesses in the federal courts.—Iowa State Register.

Senator Hoar's characterization of the democratic tariff-smashing bill as a measure representing "a species, that the people have got over" is one of the best things that has been said in congress during the present session.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Is it a Conspiracy?
[W. MANNING IN AMERICAN ECONOMIST.]
Originally John C. Calhoun was as radical a Protectionist as was Henry Clay. In the early period of Mr. Calhoun's political career, as our Congressional records show, no man advocated our protective policy more intelligently or with more vigor than he. His powerful mind grasped and solved that political problem so clearly and so conclusively that no point was left on which to hang an adverse argument.

A change, honest or not, as regards our Protective system seems to have taken place in the fertile brain of Mr. Calhoun, and it becomes an interesting subject for loyal Americans to search for the reason that caused such a complete change of a mind so radical.

At the time when Mr. Calhoun proclaimed himself, in and out of Congress, and sealed by his votes, prior to 1820, his honest support and advocacy of our Protective system, was by a large majority pro-slavery. The slave power then controlled by both houses of Congress; in fact, the legislative, the executive and the judiciary was dominated by them.

After the enactment of the Protective Tariff act of 1824, which followed that terrible period of ruin, distress and misery—similar to our present deplorable condition—caused by the low Tariff act of 1816, "for revenue only," not for Protection—the industries throughout the land sprang forward with gigantic strides, as they recently did under the McKinley act.

It was then that Mr. Calhoun perceived that the Protective system was driving the slave power to the wall. State after State repudiated slavery, and unless something was done to check the growing political power produced in the North by our Protective industrial system, Mr. Calhoun and his followers knew that their political supremacy and the slave power

could not exist. Not satisfied with their obstructive and destructive Free Trade policy and bitter hostile opposition to any Protective system, designed wholly to cripple if not destroy Northern prosperity, Mr. Calhoun and his Southern Democratic followers and their degenerate Northern allies endeavored in another way to retain political power. They successfully secured the acquisition of Southern territory, vainly hoping to extend their power by increasing the number of slave States.

N. twilstanding their heroic efforts to hold their political control of the nation, they could not contend against the natural increase of the wealth and population resulting from the Protective policy, which gathered both from every quarter of the globe.

Defeated at all points, nothing remained for these opponents of protection but secession and disunion. Though they then failed utterly to divide the Union, the same spirit and political jealousy still exists. The spirit that did not hesitate then to destroy the Union lives to-day. To carry out their selfish and treasonable methods to gain political power, they would plunge their country into civil confusion and industrial distress, or even into civil war itself. This same spirit is shown and is made manifest in every feature of the Tariff bill that passed the House of Representatives and the one passed by the Senate yesterday.

Analyze the political records and opinions of the farmers of the present proposed measures and it will be found that the chief authors of those measures are those who struggle for four years in a bloody civil war to destroy the Union and who engrained in their Confederate Constitution a Free Trade clause, hoping thereby to receive material aid and recognition from their English allies, whose interests they are now striving to serve at the expense of their own country.

The war they wage to-day is more destructive to property than was their more honorable, because more open, warfare on the field of battle; for it will be found, dating from the time when the country learned that the old slave party again controlled the Government, that the shrinkage of property and actual loss to trade and to our workmen, now amounts to more than the entire cost of the Civil war.

Hence their acts to-day constitute a more ignoble conspiracy against the welfare of the nation than in 1861. They have succeeded, with the aid of unfaithful Representatives from the North, who grossly misrepresent the interests of their constituents when they aid in passing an act designed to strike a death blow at the very life of every home industry.

But these un-American people deceive themselves now as much as they have done in any of their past deeds against the national interest if they hope by this proposed Tariff act to advance their political power, or even the welfare of their own section.

The people of the North will realize, if they have not already realized, that there exists no loyalty or love of country in the heart of any man, North or South, who aids by his vote the crippling of or the destruction of our home industries, and, as a consequence, the degradation of labor to the level of the pauper paid labor of Europe.

The South will again suffer for the unwise acts of her Representatives, as they have always done in the past, and to whom the Southern people are indebted for all the troubles and lack of prosperity.

POINTS AND OPINIONS.

A new brand of goods for summer wear is being advertised, called Cleveland shoddy, made up of American shoddy, with ninety per cent. of imported shoddy, a hundred per cent. tariff on the shoddy.

Forty-five million dollars subscribed to the sugar trust by the people, through the managers of the democratic machine, to be paid by January 1, as the expiring term of the trust. This is worse than a direct tax.

Organize and organize everywhere and against the inquiry! Trusts and combines must be destroyed! The safety of the nation demands that the Wilson bill be laid aside. It is a menace to the honest industry of the country. It is a bargain between the greed of monopoly and the shameless jobbery of unscrupulous politicians. It proposes to take from the pockets of the poor enough money in one year to make two score of millionaires. Let the people send their protest at once. The measure can, and ought to be laid aside forever.

Labor, organize! Organize! and let the combined force of the sons of toil crystallize into one solid protest against the jobbery of those who sit in high places under the solemn pledge of granting relief to organized labor. The iniquities of the Wilson bill have been the most terrible in the history of the republic. Save the people from further misery and the nation from total dishonor. Let the Wilson bill be laid aside and let those who have professed so long to be the friends of labor cease to strut in high places, for the great army of American laborers well know to-day that these men are but demagogues.

Harper's Weekly, the great Cleveland organ, declares the outlook for the democratic party is full of doubt, for it has betrayed those who trusted it. The only significant thing in the foregoing is that it has taken Harper's Weekly so long to find this out. The democratic party has just been doing this same thing for the last forty years, betraying every trust, violating every pledge and disregarding every promise, simply to keep itself in power and obtain the spoils which thereby has brought it. Better be honest and not have so much to reveal in illegitimate gains.

POPULISTS AS REFORMERS.

Helping to Break Down Protection for the Farmer.

The populist senators have consented to the wholesale slaughter of the western sheep industry. They have voted uniformly for the breaking down of all protection to the farm and to the factory located within the radius of the western market. Their purpose seems to have been a well-defined one, notably

to destroy every form of protection that reaches within the great western domain, and yet they voted constantly with their southern allies to put iron ore and coal for the south on the protected list. They voted to put woolens on the protected list at a higher rate of duty than even the most ultra-protectionist asked for. Cuffs and collars for the democratic city of New York also received their zealous support. Sugar, something the common people all need, caught all but Mr. Peffer in its sweetly-baited trap.

The friends of agriculture, who had long hoped that out of the populist movement might come some reform that would advance these farm interests, declare that such hope is now blasted forever so far as the movement under its present leadership is concerned. The people's party has outlived its opportunity. If the republican party cannot be returned to power, then it is a dark day for the farmers whose interests have been humiliated and destroyed by the cotton and rice raisers of the south.

DEMOCRATIC DEMORALIZATION.

Divided in Everything Excepting the Scramble for Spoils.

The New Orleans Times-Democrat (dem.) pertinently says: "Where are we all? is a question that a good many democrats are asking just now. There is no instance in the political history of the country where a party, after winning one of its grandest victories, has placed itself in control of every branch of the federal government, has found itself so demoralized and divided."

We take issue with the Times-Democrat in the foregoing statement. The democratic party is a unit in just one thing, namely: spoils. In proof of this, history shows that from the election of Jefferson by the house of representatives, at which time three or four of the best offices or consuls of the president were absolutely bartered for the votes of a sufficient number of men to insure Jefferson's election, down to the time when Grover Cleveland compromised with the democratic party in an agreement with the sugar and whisky trusts of the United States, spoils were essential to everything. Alexander Stevens, of Georgia, once declared that the democratic party of all the patronage of the government for fifty years. Since the inauguration of President Cleveland, March 4, 1893, the time of congress and leading democratic leaders have been principally occupied in bartering between the president and these representatives the principal places in the civil service of the government.

The number of bills passed in the interest of the president's pet measures may be counted by the number of foreign ministers or consuls or port collectors or postmasters in first-class cities appointed. These places have all been used for the purpose of securing the repeal of the election laws or the purchasing clause of the Sherman law, etc.

The democratic party is heterogeneous in everything else, homogeneous in spoils.

The sugar trust is a most scandalous example of that "communism of capital" Mr. Cleveland so vigorously denounced some years ago. Why does he not induce Attorney General Olney to read his views on this subject?—N. Y. World (Dem.).

"How Can We?"

A gentleman, accompanied by a lady wearing a handsome dress and bonnet, came out of the Albert hall one night to find it raining, while they were without umbrella or waterproof clothing!

"Why, Charles," the lady cried, "it's raining!"

"So it is," said Charles calmly.

"Well, what shall we do?"

"I rather think we shall have to let it rain," replied the matter-of-fact husband.

Excited by the disaster awaiting her garments, the lady amused the bystanders greatly by saying:

"Why, Charles, how can we, when I have on this light dress and bonnet?"—Tid-Bits.

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Its extraordinary curative power manifests itself almost immediately it is taken. On this point the evidence of those who have taken it is uniform and positive. They say they can feel the effect of every dose doing them good. It is a powerful nerve invigorating tonic, imparting its restorative influence through the medium of the nervous system to every organ of the body. It makes but little difference whether the constitutional vigor has been undermined by acute disease, overwork, or certain mischievous indiscretions; or whether the broken down condition is caused by one name or other, so long as there is nervous exhaustion, general or local weakness—so long as enervation and debility are the type of the ailment this is the remedy.

THOSE WHO SUFFER

from the results of over mental or physical exertion, hardship, exposure, hidden drains, caprice, or who have brought upon themselves a series of afflictions by ignorantly or wilfully violating nature's laws, will find in CATON'S VITALIZER AND NERVE TONIC the remedy for their certain relief. It speedily removes all evidences of progressive physical deterioration, and restores the enfeebled energies to their natural vigor.

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any weakness of the vital organs, nervousness, prostration of the physical or mental energies, confusion of ideas, lack of self confidence, irritability of temper, melancholy, cowardice, weakness of the knees and back, palpitation of the heart, dragging pain in the loins, headache, irritation of the kidneys and bladder, milky urine, pernicious and hidden weaknesses, resulting in a failure of the mental and physical powers, constituting an impediment to success and unfitting him or her for the duties and responsibilities of life, it is the remedy for excellence.

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Teachers Meeting.

The teachers of Rockport Magisterial District will meet at Centertown

September, 1, 1894 at 9 a. m.

PROGRAMME.

Invocation and remarks—G. T. Tinsley.

Attention; its importance and how to secure it—A. H. Ross, Dana Carter and J. Ham Barnes.

Original poem—J. H. Wood.

NOON.

How to secure regular attendance—Clinton Iglehart, Maggie Ashby and J. L. Brown.

Infinitives and Participles—J. C. Barnard, Lee Chinn and Mrs. Harper.

Longitude and Time—P. H. Ross, A. M. Smith and Alice Loney.

How to teach History and Geography—M. P. Kimbley, Myrtle Rowe, T. H. Brown and Ada Brown.

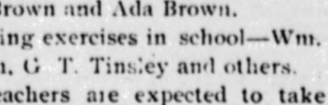
Opening exercises in school—Wm. Johnson, G. T. Tinsley and others.

All teachers are expected to take part in the discussions. All friends of education are cordially invited to attend.

J. L. Brown,)
P. H. Ross,)
Myrtle Rowe,)
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WEST BOUND.

West Louisville..... 7:45 a. m. 6:25 p. m.

West Point..... 8:11 a. m. 7:20 p. m.

Roundabout..... 9:17 a. m. 8:07 p. m.

Irvington..... 9:41 a. m. 8:37 p. m.

Spokane..... 10:25 a. m. 9:21 p. m.

Cloverport..... 10:44 a. m. 9:46 p. m.

Hawesville..... 11:31 a. m. 10:10 p. m.

Lawsonville..... 11:38 a. m. 10:34 p. m.

Owensboro..... 12:16 p. m. 11:11 p. m.

Spottsville..... 1:54 p. m. 12:55 p. m.

Ar. Henderson..... 1:55 p. m. 12:56 p. m.

EAST BOUND.

Ar. Henderson..... 7:15 a. m. 3:15 p. m.

Spottsville..... 7:27 a. m. 3:27 p. m.

Owensboro..... 8:27 a. m. 4:25 p. m.

Lawsonville..... 9:09 a. m. 5:05 p. m.

Hawesville..... 9:20 a. m. 5:20 p. m.

Cloverport..... 10:01 a. m. 6:07 p. m.

Spokane..... 10:26 a. m. 6:19 p. m.

Irvington..... 11:02 a. m. 7:05 p. m.

Roundabout..... 11:29 a. m. 7:31 p. m.

West Louisville..... 12:05 p. m. 8:05 p. m.

Ar. Louisville..... 1:50 p. m. 9:05 p. m.

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